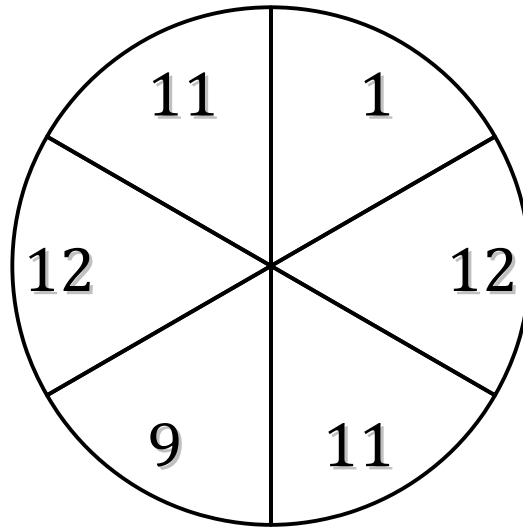


Probabilidades de una Peonza (A)

Calcule la probabilidad de cada giro.



$P(>8) =$

$P(4) =$

$P(>5) =$

$P(>10) =$

$P(\leq 8) =$

$P(>11) =$

$P(\leq 4) =$

$P(6) =$

$P(\leq 11) =$

$P(11) =$

$P(\leq 9) =$

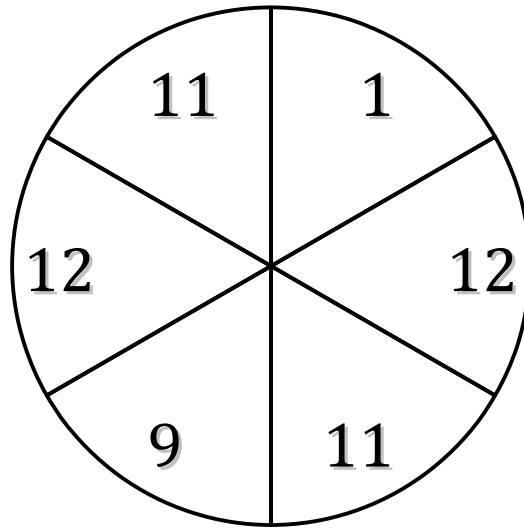
$P(\leq 11) =$

$P(\leq 8) =$

$P(1) =$

Probabilidades de una Peonza (A) Respuestas

Calcule la probabilidad de cada giro.



$$P(>8) = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{5}{6}$$

$$P(4) = \frac{0}{6}$$

$$0$$

$$P(>5) = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{5}{6}$$

$$P(>10) = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(\leq 8) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(>11) = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(\leq 4) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(6) = \frac{0}{6}$$

$$0$$

$$P(\leq 11) = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(11) = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(\leq 9) = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(\leq 11) = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(\leq 8) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(1) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$